Year 5 Home Learning

A child in Upper KS2 should spend an average of between 15-30 minutes a day on their homework.

Reading

10 - 15 minutes regular reading (at least 4 times per week). This should include reading the equivalent of a chapter, mostly independently, but at least once a week out loud to an adult to discuss the text and ensure understanding. Please record all reading on Boom Reader. The children can also do this themselves through the child account.



Spelling

Spelling practice of Statutory Spellings. These are spread out across the year and focus spellings will be tested at the end of each half term.



Times tables and Division

Practising of all times tables and related division facts, through a variety of games and/or online activities. Children are expected to know the times tables and division facts up to 12 x 12. These will be assessed every half term. Please see ideas below of how to practise them.



Optional additional homework

This will be related to subjects across curriculum areas will be given each term. See the grid below for this term's ideas.









Reading Question Stems

	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Vocabulary	Can you find the meaning or a word with a similar meaning in a dictionary or thesaurus? What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author? Which word is closest in meaning to?	Can you quickly findin the dictionary and thesaurus? What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author made you/this character feel by writing? Why? Find and highlight the word which is closest in meaning to Find a word which demonstrates Can you rewrite this in the style of the author using your own words? How have simile and metaphor been used here to enhance the text?	What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? Can you find examples of simile, metaphor, hyperbole or personification in the text? Why has the text been organised in this way? Would you have done it differently? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author made you/this character feel by writing? Why?
Inference	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why / why not? How do you think? Can you explain why? Can you explain why based on two different pieces of evidence? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? Find and copy a group of words which show that What impression ofdo you get from this paragraph?	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why/why not? Why do you think the author? decided to? Can you explain why? Can you give me evidence from somewhere else in the text? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? How does the author make you feel? What impression do you get from these paragraphs?	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why/why not? Why do you think the author decided to? Can you explain why? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? How do other people's descriptions ofshow that? Where else in the text can we find the answer to this question?
Prediction	Can you think of another text with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story? What does this paragraph suggest what will happen next? Do you think will happen? Explain your answers with evidence from the text.	Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?	Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?
Explain	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Is this as good as? Which is better and why? What can you tell me about how this text is organised? Why is the text arranged in this way? What is the purpose of this text and who is the audience? How does the author engage the reader here? Which section was the most? Why?	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Does this story have a moral? Which is better and why? How is the text organised and what impact does this have on you as a reader? Why has the text been written this way? How can you tell whether it is fact and opinion? How is this text similar to the writing we have been doing? How does the author engage the audience?	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Does this story have a moral? Which is better and why? Can you identify where the author has shown bias towards a particular character? Is it fact or is it opinion? How do you know? How does the author make you feel at this point in the story? Why did they do that? Can you explain it in a different way?
Retrieval	Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? When/where is this story set? How do you know? Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? What might this mean? Whose perspective is the story told by and how do you know? How can you use the subheading to help you here?	Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text. Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? Who is telling this story? Can you skim/scan quickly to find the answer?	Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? Can you skim the next and find me the answer to? When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text. Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? Who is telling this story? What genre is? Can you look at these other texts and find me what is similar and what is different?
Sequence/ Summarise	What is the main point in this paragraph? Is it mentioned anywhere else? Sum up what has happened so far in X words/seconds or less. Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why? Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes? How might I record this to ensure the best possible outcome?	What is the main point in this paragraph? Is it mentioned anywhere else? Sum up what has happened so far in words/seconds or less. Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why? Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes? Can you find a text with a similar theme?	What is the main point of the text? Can you look in this paragraph? What does the author mean? Is it mentioned anywhere else? Sum up what has happened so far in words/seconds or less. Can you read the text and summarise what has happened? Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why? Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?



Y5/Y6 Statutory Spelling List							
aggressive	apparent	accommodate	awkward	according	achieve		
ancient	bargain	appreciate	bruise	accompany	amateur		
definite	committee	average	conscious	attached	available		
determined	desperate	competition	explanation	cemetery	category		
equipped	disastrous	criticise	familiar	conscience	communicate		
equipment	embarrass	curiosity	lightning	controversy	community		
excellent	especially	foreign	muscle	convenience	correspond		
existence	frequently	forty	nuisance	identity	dictionary		
government	immediate	leisure	programme	individual	equip		
harass	immediately	marvellous	parliament	necessary	environment		
hindrance	interfere	prejudice	recommend	persuade	exaggerate		
neighbour	interrupt	privilege	shoulder	relevant	guarantee		
occupy	pronunciation	restaurant	temperature	sincere	queue		
occur	sacrifice	stomach	thorough	sincerely	language		
physical	secretary	system	variety	sufficient	mischievous		
profession	signature	yacht	vegetable	suggest	opportunity		
recognise	symbol		vehicle	twelfth	rhyme		
soldier					rhythm		





<u>Upper Key Stage 2 Statutory Spellings – Autumn Term (1)</u>



(Year 5)

Each half-term, the children will receive a selection of the **Year 5 & 6 statutory spellings** to practise at home. At the end of each half-term, the children will be tested on these spellings to see how confident they are. This half-term the spelling test will be **w/c 13 10 25**. Some suggestions for different ways to practise the statutory words are overleaf. I hope you will find them useful.

w/c 08 09 25	w/c 15 09 25	w/c 22 09 25	w/c 08 09 25	w/c 29 09 25
accompany	competition	equipment	muscle	recommend
achieve	curiosity	government	opportunity	sufficient
appreciate	determined	individual	physical	temperature
communicate	environment	language	prejudice	thorough



SPELLING MENU

SPELLING MENU

1. ABC Order 2. Word Parts 3. Other Handed 4. Vowel Spotlight Write each word 5 times. Write all of Write your words. Then use Write your words using your spelling a coloured pencil to divide switching the hand you write one colour for the vowels words in the words into syllables. it with each time. Say the and another colour for the alphabetical e.g. jumping word as you spell it. consonants. (ABC) order. caterpillar (vowels: a, e, i, o, u) 5. Use Technology 6. Pyramid Words 7."Ransom" Words 8. Rainbow Words Type out your spelling "Write" your words by Write your spelling words words on the computer. cutting letters out of a with coloured pencils. s p newspaper or magazine and Make each letter a Try to use at least 4 spe different colour. different fonts. gluing the letters on a piece spel of paper to spell your words. spell spelli spellin spelling (or make them boat shaped, star, smiley face, etc.) 9. Scrambled Words 10. Silly Sentences 11. Prefixes and Suffixes 12. Word Search Write your words. Then Write 3 or more sentences Underline the prefixes and Create your own word write them again with the that use all your spelling suffixes in the words you are search with your letters mixed up. Can you words. learning. Make sure you spellings. Show the unscramble them again know what they mean. answers to your puzzle in e.g. important the next day? a different colour. e.g. watch - cwhta happi<u>ness</u> N SEARCH 13. Flashcards 14. Picture & a Story 15. Words without Vowels 16. Train Words Make and Draw a picture defining Write all of your words Write the entire list practice each word. Write a replacing vowels with a line. end-to-end as one long Lash Carols with sentence about your picture Go back and see if you can word. Write each new flashcards. using the word. fill in the vowels. word in a different colour. Put the word on one side e.g. q--st--n = question e.g. trainbackstop and definition (meaning) on the other. 18. Bubble Letters 19. Words Within Words 20. Picture words 17. Write a Story, Poem or Song with Words Write your Write each spelling word **ABBBBB** Draw a picture and hide Write a story using all your spelling @M18786 and then write at least 2 your spelling words in the spelling words. Underline words out words made from that word. picture. the words you used. in bubble @#R®V e.g. catch - cat, hat **37**236 writing.



Ideas to support the learning of times tables and division facts.

Hit the Button online game



Learn a Times Tables song from YouTube Kids or BBC Supermovers



Play Times Tables Bingo!



Find the patterns in number bonds and times tables



Practise on long and short car journeys



Write them down as quickly as you can!



TT Rock Stars



Learn a silly rhyme
E.g. 6 and 8 went on a date and didn't come back until they were
48!



Other good websites include:

Purple Mash - https://www.purplemash.com/login/#/portal/standrewssg10/child

Top Marks - https://www.topmarks.co.uk/
BBC BItesize - https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize
Math is Fun - https://www.mathsisfun.com/
Maths Frame - https://mathsframe.co.uk/



Autumn Year 5 Additional Homework Grid - Some fun learning activities you could try at home.

Draw a map of your street or area. Can you design a key to mark out key features? You could research the longitude and latitude of your home and places near you!

Research some of the foods that Anglo-Saxon people used to grow, cook and eat. Can you find and make any Anglo-Saxon recipes?

Find some facts about the artist. Frida Kahlo, who is famous for her self-portraits. You could create a mind map, a poster or an information leaflet.

Read this information about databases on this link and try out some of the Albert

activities:

Link

Have a think about

creating your own database about something you're interested in. Animals? Transport? Sports?



play of Sequence Snake. There are lots of different levels to choose from.

What can you find out about Sir Isaac Newton? Why is he famous? How has he changed how we view life today?



Write a review of a book you have enjoyed. What did you like? Who else would enjoy it? What genre is it? We can share some of your recommendations on our reading walls.







