		Sticky knowledge		
Year group	National Curriculum	including <mark>phonics</mark> and	Skills	Key vocabulary
		<mark>grammar</mark>		
Key Stage 2	The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that			
Year 3	 all pupils: understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical 	Locate where I am in the world. Locate France in the world. Discover French culture and customs. Learn words to greet people. Understand the question: "Comment ça va?" (How are you?) Answer appropriately to the question "Ça va très bien/bien/moyen/mal." (I am very well/well/so so/not well.) Understand the question: "Comment tu t'appelles?" (What's your name?) Answer appropriately to the question "Je m'appelle" (My name is)	Understand a few familiar spoken words and phrases. Say and repeat single words and short simple phrases. Can recognise and read out a few familiar words and phrases. Can write or copy simple words or symbols correctly.	Bonjour (Hello) La France (France) Paris Nom (Name) Madame (Miss/Mrs) Ça va très bien. (I am great .) Salut (Hi) s'il vous plait (please) Ça va bien. (I am good) Bonsoir (good evening) merci (thank you) Bonne nuit (good night) oui (yes) Ça va mal. (I am not good .) non (No) Je m'appelle (My name is) Monsieur (mister /master/sir) Et toi? (And you?) Comment ça va?/Ça va? (How are you? Comment tu t'appelles? (What's your name?)

structures that they	Learn numbers 0-20	All numbers 0-20 in French
have learnt	Know the words for each number	les nombres (Numbers)
discover and develop an	Understand the question: "Quel	l'âge (The age)
appreciation of a range	âge as-tu?" (How old are you?)	Quel âge as-tu? (How old are you?)
of writing in the	Answer appropriately to the	J'ai (number) ans. (I am (number) year
language studied.	question "J'ai (number) ans." (I	old.)
	am (number) years old.)	Et toi? (And you?)
	Learn sounds for each letter.	The names of all the letters of the
	Pronounce accurately the letters.	alphabet in French.
	Spell words out loud using the	L'alphabet (the alphabet).
	correct sounds.	
	Spell my name.	
	Ask someone to spell their name.	
	Learn names of the colours.	Les couleurs (The colours)
	Recognize names for colours	rouge (red)
	when written.	j'aime (I like)
	Ask and answer about their	bleu (blue)
	favourite colour.	orange (orange)
	Say which colours I like/dislike.	blanc (white)
		je n'aime pas (I don't like)
		vert (green)
		jaune (yellow)
		noir (black)
		Quelle est ta couleur préférée? (What
		is your favourite colour ?)
		Ma couleur préférée est le (My
		favourite colour is (the))
		Quelle couleurs aimes-tu? (Which
		colours do you like?) J'aime le
		mais je n'aime pas le (I like
		but I don't like .)

Name numbers from 20 up to 50.	All numbers 20 – 50 in French
Use numbers 1 up to 20	Les nombres (Numbers)
previously seen.	euros (Euros)
Know the words for each	centimes (cents)
number.	
Know days of the week and	All days of the week and months of the
months of the year.	year in French.
Know how to say when it is their	C'est quand votre anniversaire? (When
birthday.	is your birthday?)
	Mon anniversaire c'est le (My
	birthday is
Learn names of members of my	mon père (my father)
family	ma famille (my family)
Know the genders of the words	ma mère (my mother)
(male/female/plural:	mon grand-père (my grand father)
mon/ma/mes)	mes parents (my parents)
Understand the question about	ma grand-mère (my grand mother)
brothers and sisters:	mon frère (my brother)
"As-tu des frères et soeurs?" (Do	mes grands-parents (my grand parents)
you have brothers or sisters?)	ma soeur (my sister)
Give details of siblings "Oui, j'ai	ma tante (my aunt),
" (Yes I have) or "Non, je n'ai	moi (me)
pas de frères et soeurs."(No, I	mon oncle (my uncle)
don't have brothers and sisters).	mon cousin (my cousin (boy)
	ma cousine (my cousin (girl)
	Voici (this is)
	As-tu une sœur ? (Do you have a
	sister?)
	As-tu un frère ? (Do you have a
	brother?)
	As-tu des frères et soeurs? (Do you
	have brothers and sisters ?)



	own t		
Museum		Learn names of farm animals Learn the noises of the animals in French Know the genders of the words (male/female: un/une) Describe the animals at the farm by using the numbers: "À la ferme il y a" (At the farm, there is /are).	Oui, j'ai (number) soeur(s). (Yes, I have (number) sister(s).) Oui, j'ai (number) frère(s). (Yes, I have (number) brother(s).) Oui, j'ai (number) soeur(s) et (number) frère(s). (Yes, I have (number) sister(s) and (number) brother(s).) Non, je n'ai pas de frères et soeurs. (No I don't have brothers and sisters.) J'aime ma famille (I love my family) À la ferme (At the farm) un poussin (a chick) un cochon (a pig) une ferme (a farm) une chèvre (a goat) un chien (a dog) un mouton (a sheep) C'est (It is) un chat (a cat) une vache (a cow) deux chevaux (2 horses) un canard (a duck) un cheval (a horse) un canard fait (A duck does) une poule (a chicken) un lapin (a rabbit) Qu'est ce que c'est? (What is it ?) À la ferme, il y a (At the farm, there is /are)



Year 4	Learn names of some pet animals	Understand a	un chien (a dog)
TCUI 4	(the most common ones)	range of familiar	une tortue (a tortoise)
	Know the genders of the words	spoken phrases.	un lapin (a bunny/rabbit)
	(male/female: un/une	Spoken pinases.	un chat (a cat)
	Understand the question about	Answer simple	une souris (a mouse)
	pets at home: "Tu as des	questions and	et (and) un hamster (a hamster)
	•	give basic	
	animaux?" (Have you got pets?)		un poisson (a fish)
	Give details of pets in response	information.	un cochon d'inde (a guinea pig)
	to the question "Oui, j'ai" (Yes,	Cara con danatara d	un oiseau (a bird)
	I have) or "Non, je n'ai pas	Can understand	J'ai (I have)
	d'animaux". (No , I don't have	and read out	Tu as des animaux? (Have you got pet
	pets.)	familiar written	s ?)
	Develop their response to the	phrases.	Oui, j'ai (Yes I have) Non, je n'ai
	question, ex: "'ai deux chiens et		pas d'animaux. (No I don't have pets.)
	trois chats."(I have 2 dogs and 3	Can write one	
	cats.	short sentence to	
	Name of areas at home and	a model and fill in	La maison (the house)
	places	the words on a	à la campagne (in the countryside)
	Know the genders of the words	simple form.	Le jardin (the garden)
	(male/female/plural: le/la/les)		L'entrée (the entrance)
	Describe where their live		Le salon (the living room)
	Understand the question: "Où		en ville (in a city)
	est?" (Where is ?) and " Où		La salle à manger (the dining room)
	habites - tu? " (Where do you live		Chez moi (At home /At my house)
	?)		La cuisine (the kitchen)
	Answer the question		papa (dad/ daddy)
	appropriately " est dans		La salle de bain (the bathroom)
	le/le/aux" (is in the) and		maman (mom/mummy)
	"J'habite"(I live)		La chambre (the bedroom)
			J'habite (I live)
			Les toilettes (the toilet/restroom)
			dans une maison (in a house)

No.	Name some food and drinks	À la cantine (At the cantine/dinner
	items	hall).
	Use correct gender (article) in	du poisson (fish)
	front of the name of food (un/	des carottes (carrots)
	une/ du/ des/ de la)	du poulet (chicken)
	Say what I eat and drink	des petits pois (peas)
		du gâteau (cake)
		de la pizza (pizza)
		des pâtes (pasta)
		de l'eau (water)
		un yaourt (a yogurt)
		du jus d'orange (orange juice)
		des frites (chips/ fries)
		des cookies (Cookies)
		un hamburger (a burger)
		un sandwich (sandwich)
		des chips (crisps)
		Qu'est-ce-que tu manges ? (What do
		you eat ?)
		Qu'est-ce-que tu bois ? (What do you drink ?)
		Et pour le dessert? (And for the
		dessert?)
		Je mange (I eat)
		Je bois (I drink)
	Learn names of school subjects	Les matières scolaires (School subjects)
	Know the words to express my	Les sciences (Science)
	opinion (I like, love, don't like	J'aime (I like)
	and hate)	Le français (French)
	Understand the question: "Tu	Les maths (Numeracy)
	aimes?" (Do you like ?) and	J'adore (I love)
	"Quelle est ta matière préférée ?	

Company 50°	(What is your favourite school subject?) Learn words for instructions.	L'anglais (Literacy/English) L'éducation religieuse (RE) Je n'aime pas (I don't like) L'art (Art) La musique (Music) Je déteste (I hate) L'histoire (History) La géographie (Geography) et (and) Le sport (PE) mais (but) L'informatique (ICT) Quelle est ta matière préférée? (What is your favourite school subject?) Tu aimes ? (Do you like?) Oui, j'aime/j'adore (Yes I like/I love) Non, je n'aime pas/je déteste (No I don't like/ I hate) Les instructions (Instructions) Fermez vos cahiers (Close your books) Levez la main (Put your hand up) Ouvrez vos cahiers (Open your books) Répétez (Repeat) Lisez (Read) Écoutez (Listen) Silence (Silence) Levez-vous (Stand up) Asseyez-vous (Sit down)
		Levez-vous (Stand up) Asseyez-vous (Sit down)

Arimary School		
Marie Carlos Car	Name some sports and hobbies	Les sports (sports)
	in French	Les loisirs (Hobbies)
	Express their point of view with 4	Le foot(ball) (Football)
	expressions (I like, I love, I don't	Le cricket (Cricket)
	like, I hate)	dessiner (to draw)
	Understand questions « Quel est	Le rugby (rugby)
	ton sport préféré ? » , « Tu	Le VTT (Biking/cycling)
	aimes? » and « Quels sont tes	danser (to dance)
	loisirs?»	cuisiner (to cook)
	Answer the questions	lire (to read)
	appropriately « Mon sport	Le badminton (badminton)
	préféré est », « Oui j'aime/	La gymnastique (Gymnastics)
	j'adoreNon je n'aime pas/ je	chanter (to sing)
	déteste»	La danse (Dancing/ballet)
		regarder la télé (to watch TV)
		Le tennis (tennis)
		La natation (Swimming)
		jouer aux jeux vidéo (to play video
		games)
		L'équitation (Horse riding)
		aller sur internet (to go on the internet)
		écouter la musique (to listen to music)
		L'athlétisme (Athletics/running)
		voir mes amis (see my friends)
		Quel est ton sport préféré ? (What is
		your favourite sport ?)
		Mon sport préféré est (My favourite
		sport is)
		Quels sont tes loisirs? (What are your
		hobbies ?)
		'aime et j'adore (I like and I love
) Tu aimes le sport? (Do you like
		sport?)

Mary 35			
	Name numbers from 50 up to 80.		All numbers 50 – 80 in French
	Use numbers 1 up to 20		Les nombres (Numbers)
	previously seen.		euros (Euros)
	Know the words for each		centimes (cents)
	number.		
	Name weather conditions and		La météo (The weather forecast)
	seasons.		Il fait (du) soleil. (It is sunny.)
	Ask someone how the weather is		mon ami (my friend)
	Answer the question		Il fait gris. (It is cloudy.)
	appropriately.		Il fait chaud. (It is hot.)
	арриориясы,		Il fait froid. (It is cold .)
			Il pleut. (It is raining .)
			Il neige. (It is snowing .)
			Il y a (There is)
			Quel temps fait-il aujourd'hui ? (How is
			the weather today ?)
			Aujourd'hui (Today) Il fait (number)
			degrés. (It is (number) degres.)
			En é té/automne /hiver, il (In
			Summer/Au tumn/Winte r, it)
			Au printemps, il (In Spring, it)
Year 5	Read and pronounce the words	Understand the	Je suis (I am)
Tear 5	for emotions	main points from	J'ai (I have = I am)
	Understand female and male	a short spoken	content/contente (happy)
	Know the rule according to	passage made up	froid (cold)
	gender	of familiar	excité/ excitée (excited)
	Understand the question		chaud (hot)
	"Comment tu te sens?" and	language.	` '
		A als are all a many an	fatigué/ fatiguée (tired)
	answer appropriately	Ask and answer	faim (hungry)
		simple questions	en colère (angry)
		and talk about my	soif (thirsty)
		interests.	triste (sad/upset)
			peur (scared)



Marie Carlos Car	Name the countries and cities in	Les pays et les villes (Countries and ci
	French	ties)
	Know the rules according to	J'habite (I live)
	gender of countries	en France (in France)
	Identify the flags for each	en Pologne (in Poland)
	country	aux États-Unis (in the United States)
	Recognize cities and countries	en Angleterre (in England)
	when written	en Irlande (in Ireland)
		Écosse (in Scotland)
		à Paris (in Paris)
		en Espagne (in Spain)
		à Londres (in London)
		en Allemagne (in Germany)
		en Italie (in Italy)
		au Pays de Galles (in Wales)
		en Irlande du Nord (in Northern
		Ireland)
		O) habitaa tu 2 (M/bara da usa lius 2)
		Où habites-tu ? (Where do you live?)
		J'habite à (City) en/au/aux (Country). (I
		live in (City) i n (Country).)
	Learn names of transports	Voyager dans le monde (Travel in the
	Recognize names of transports	world)
	when written	Le monde (the world)
	Locate and name the continents	Je vais (I'm going)
	and countries	en avion (by plane)
	Recognize the flags	L'Europe (Europe)
	Say how and where I travel	en train (by plane)
		en bateau (by boat)
		à pied (on foot)
		en vélo (by bike)
		en moto (by motorbike)
		en bus (by bus)

			en voiture (by car)
			C'est possible? (Is it possible?)
			Où vas-tu en vacances? (Where do you
			go on holiday?)
			Où est (Where is ?)
	Learn names of nationalities		Les nationalités (Nationalities)
	according to gender		Je suis (I am)
	Ask someone their nationality		Anglais/Anglaise (English)
	Say my nationality		Union Européenne (European Union)
	Say what language(s) I speak		Je parle(I speak)
			Espagnol/Espagnole (Spanish)
			Quelle est ta nationalité ? (What is your
			nationality ?)
			Avez-vous un passeport ?
	Learn names of numbers 80-100		Quel est ton numéro de téléphone ?
	Count from 0 up to 100		(What is your phone number ?)
	Say my phone number		Mon numéro de téléphone est le (
	Understand a phone number		My phone number is)
	when said out loud		Les nombres (N umbers)
			numéro de telephone (Phone number)
Year 6	Read the time on the clock	Understand the	Quelle heure est-il? (What time is it?)
	Understand the words "du matin	main points and	Il est (It is)
	(morning), de l'après midi (some of the detail	heure (o'clock)
	afternoon), du soir (evening)"	from a spoken	midi (noon)/ minuit (midnight)
	Ask and answer about the time:	passage made up	cinq (5 past)
	"Quelle heure est-il?" (What	of familiar	dix (10 past)
	time is it?) Il est (It is)	language in	et quart (quarter past)
		simple sentences.	vingt (20 past)
			vingt-cinq (25 past)
		Take part in a	et demie (half past)
		simple	moins vingt-cinq (25 to)
			moins vingt (20 to)

Marie Control of the			
		conversation and express opinions. Understand the main points and some of the detail from short written texts in	moins le quart (quarter to) moins dix (10 to) moins cinq (5 to) du matin (in the morning) de l'après-midi (in the afternoon) du soir (in the evening)
	Tell the daily routine in the correct order Use the time in a sentence Use linking words such as "ensuite", "après", "puis", "et", "à", "vers"	familiar contexts. Write a short text on a familiar topic, adapting language which they have already learnt.	Ma routine quotidienne (My daily routine) Je goûte (I have a snack) Je me réveille (I wake up) à (at) Je me lève (I get up) Je m'amuse (I have fun/play) Je me lave/ je me douche (I wash/I shower) Je dîne (I eat dinner) Je m'habille (I get dressed) Je me couche (I go to bed) Je me brosse les dents (I brush my teeth) puis (then) Je me coiffe (I brush my hair) ensuite (afterwards) Je prends mon petit déjeuner (I eat my breakfast) a près (after) Je vais à l'école (I'm going to school
	Describe yourself Describe someone else using He/ She		Le weekend (the weekend) Je suis (I am) J'ai les cheveux (My hair is) II/Elle est (He/She is)



Name items of clothing in French Use the colours correctly according to the gender of the item of clothing	bruns (dark brown) Il/ Elle a (He/She has) Il/Elle porte (He/She wears) blonds (blond) Petit/petite (short) longs (long) De taille moyenne (average height) courts (short) Grand/grande (tall) raides (straight) J'ai les yeux (my eyes are) ondulés (wavy) Bleus (blue) bouclés (curly) Verts (green) porte des lunettes (I wear glasses) Je porte une casquette. (I wear a cap.) Description physique (Physical description) Je porte un chapeau. (I wear a hat.) Faire du shopping (Going shopping) Je peux vous aider? (May I help you?) Un homme (a man) Je cherche (I'm looking for) Une femme (a woman) En quelle taille? (Which size?) De quelle couleur? (What colour?) C'est combien? (How much is it?) la boutique (a clothes shop) (Nombre) euros s'il vous plait. ((Number) euros please.) Le vendeur (a shop assistant (male))

Mary 3°	Name places in the city Recognize places in the city when heard Explain where a place is Ask for directions	la vendeuse (a shop assistant (female)) Non, c'est trop petit. (No, it's too small.) le client (a c ustomer (male)) Non, c'est trop grand. (No, it's too big.) la cliente (a c ustome r (female)) Oui, c'est parfait. (Yes, it's perfect.) En ville (In the city) le cinéma (the cinema) tournez à droite (turn right) la poste (the post office) tournez à gauche (turn left) La banque (the bank) le café (co ffee shop/bar)
		allez tout droit (go straight) La boulangerie (the bakery) le restaurant (the restaurant) le supermarché (the supermarket) au feux (at the traffic lights) L'église (the church) le parc (the park) C'est à gauche (It's on the left l'aeroport (the airport) La pharmacie (the pharmacy) l'hôpital (the hospital) L'école (the school) les directions (directions) Excusez-moi Monsieur? (Excuse me Sir?) Excusez-moi Madame ? (Excuse me Miss/Mrs?)

	Où est, s'il vous plait ? (Where is, please ?)
Name food items and Order food and drinks at a cafe Know useful sentences in a cafe	Au Café (At the Cafe) une salade (a salad) Les boissons (Drinks) Les snacks et les desserts (Snacks and desserts) une glace au chocolat (Chocolate ice cream) Le menu (the menu) une glace à la fraise (Strawberry ice cream) L'addition (The bill) s'il vous plait (Please) chocolat chaud (a hot chocolate) un sandwich au thon (a tuna sandwich) un sandwich au jambon (a ham sandwich) un coca (a coke) un sandwich au fromage (a Cheese sandwich) un jus de pomme (an apple juice) un croque-monsieur (a toasted ham and cheese sandwich) un jus d'orange (an orange juice) un croissant (a croissant) une crêpe l'eau plate (still water) de l'eau gazeuse (sparkling water) Vous avez choisi ? (Have you decided/ chosen?)



	may -				
Mu					Et comme boisson? (A nd for your
					drink?)
					Je voudraiset (I would likeand)
					Très bien (very well)